Conference Guide

Conference Location:

Hotel “The Margi”
Litous 11, Vouliagmeni 16671,
Athens, Greece
a) By Public Transportation:
   i. From the Airport: Take the Bus Line X96, get off at Bus Stop “ΠΗΓΑΔΑΚΙΑ”, cross “Athinas Avenue – Άθηνας” and walk to the first stop “ΠΗΓΑΔΑΚΙΑ”, from there you need to take the Bus Line 114 and get off at the Bus Stop “ΒΑΚΧΟΥ” which is located at Litous Str. Walk towards to 11 Litous Str.

   **Airport Bus Line Ticket Price:**
   1 x Adult: 5,00€
   2 x Adults: 14,00€
   3 x Adults: 20,00€
ii. From the Syntagma Square (City Center): From Syntagma Sq. get the **E22 bus line** and get off at the **Bus Stop “LAIMOS”**. From the Bus Station Laimos you need just to walk 10-15 min. until the Hotel. Walk straight to Poseidonos Str and turn right on the second street “Apollpnos”. Then on the third corner turn right to Litous street. Approximately time 1h 30min.


**Regular Bus Line Ticket Price:**
- Single: 1,40 €
- 24h-Daily Ticket: 4,00€
- Weekly: 14,00€

**Important Info:**
Purchased tickets are valid for 90 min. after validation and can be used for several journeys in all means of public transport in Athens including metro, buses, trolleybuses and trams (excluding the directions to/from the airport). Passengers must validate their tickets at the machines at the entrance to the station from which the journey starts. Don’t validate your ticket more than one time.
c) By Car:
In case you would like to rent a car during your stay in Athens you are able to visit the information spot of the Airport which will guide you and show you the Car Hire Companies.

We recommend you:

d) By Taxi: From Eleftherios Venizelos Airport to The Margi Hotel approx. 40-45 minutes

Distances from the Hotel:
i. Athens International Airport 24.0 km/14.9 miles
ii. Athens Centre 20.0 km/12.4 miles
iii. Piraeus Port 22.5 km/14.0 miles
iv. Glyfada Shopping District 5.0 km/3.1 miles
v. Vouliagmeni Marina 1.0 km/0.6 miles
vi. Vouliagmeni Lake 2.0 km/1.2 miles
Lunch in Athens

i. Around the Conference Venue
   a. «Γαρμπή», Ιλίου & Σελίνης 21, Βουλιαγμένη, Αθήνα
      “Garbi restaurant 21 Iliou & Selinis str., Vouliagmeni, Athens
   b. «Ιθάκη», Αππόλωνος 28, Βουλιαγμένη, Αθήνα
      “Ithaki”, 28 Appolos str., Vouliagmeni, Athens
   c. «Λουιζίδης», Ερμού 2, Βουλιαγμένη, Αθήνα
      “Louizidis”, 2 Ermou str., Vouliagmeni, Athens
   d. «Σχάρα», Λεωφόρος Ποσειδώνος 15, Βουλιαγμένη, Αθήνα
      “Schara”, 15 Poseidonos Avenue, Vouliagmeni, Athens

ii. In the famous old city around Acropolis
   a. «Ο Γέρος του Μοριά», Μνησικλέους 27, Πλάκα, Αθήνα
      “O Geros tou Moria”, 27 Mnisikleous str, Plaka, Athens
   b. «Ο Ζορμπάς», Λησσίου 15 & Ερεχθέος, Πλάκα, Αθήνα
      “Zorbas Tavern”, 15 Lissiou str. and Eretheos, Plaka, Athens
   c. «Σταθμός Βαϊρακτάρη», Μητροπόλεως 63, Σταθμός Μετρό Μοναστηράκη, Πλατεία Μοναστηράκη, Αθήνα.
City Tour:
City Tour Buses are running in a daily base around Athens and Piraues. Kindly visit the official site of Tour Buses “Hop on – Hop off” in order to find out the timetable, the map and prices. [http://www.citysightseeing.gr/](http://www.citysightseeing.gr/)

Athens

Acropolis
The Acropolis of Athens or Citadel of Athens is the best known acropolis (Gr. akros, akron, edge, extremity + polis, city, pl. acropoleis) in the world. Although there are many other acropoleis in Greece, the significance of the Acropolis of Athens is such that it is commonly known as The Acropolis without qualification. The Acropolis was formally proclaimed as the preeminent monument on the European Cultural Heritage list of monuments on 26 March 2007. The Acropolis is a flat-topped rock that rises 150 m (490 ft) above sea level in the city of Athens, with a surface area of about 3 hectares. It was also known as Cecropia, after the legendary serpent-man, Cecrops, the first Athenian king.
Visit the New Acropolis Museum [http://www.theacropolismuseum.gr/?pname=Home&la=2](http://www.theacropolismuseum.gr/?pname=Home&la=2)

Plaka (Greek: Πλάκα) is the old historical neighborhood of Athens, clustered around the northern and eastern slopes of the Acropolis, and incorporating labyrinthine streets and neoclassical architecture. Plaka is built on top of the residential areas of the ancient town of Athens. It is known as the "Neighbourhood of the Gods" due to its proximity to the Acropolis and its many archaeological sites.